

# The Hartford Republican

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DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXXI.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1918.

No. 5

## YANKEES WADE INTO HUN FIRE

Plunge Northward In Face of Enemies' Titanic Resistance.

## NEW WEDGE DRIVEN IN

Allies' Pressure Strong On The Whole Battle Front.

Plunging northward from Sergy, American troops have made a brilliant and important advance in desperate fighting and apparently have opened the way for further successful operations against the Germans in the Marne salient.

Enemy resistance of the stoniest character was no obstacle for the Americans and they now are on the Fere-en-Tardenois—Coulouges highway just south of the forest of Nesles. The advance by the Americans Tuesday measured a little less than two miles. French troops on the wings also moved forward and Allied pressure on the west and east flanks of the pocket is being maintained with force.

### Huns in Grave Danger.

In spite of the tremendous efforts put forth by the Germans to check the relentless pressure of the Allies north of the Ourcq River, to-day finds the German positions there in grave danger. French, British and American troops, fighting their way forward to the east of Fere-en-Tardenois, have driven a wedge into the enemy's line and seem to be in a position to compel a hurried retreat from Ronches and St. Gemme, at the extreme bottom of the salient between Soissons and Rheims.

The Allied line to-day runs south from Soissons to Grand Rozoy and then it begins to turn to the east. It passes just north of Fere-en-Tardenois and continues to the apex of the wedge at the village of Nesles, where it turns sharply south toward Ronches. The Allies' advance in this region seems to have placed them in a dominating position.

All around the salient there has been a continuous battle during the last two days, with the Germans launching repeated counter attacks against the Allied lines. They have all failed and the Allies have gained important ground at vital points.

### With Retreat to Vesle.

Immediately south of Soissons and west of Rheims the German lines are strongly held, but enemy efforts to improve his position in the latter region have broken down. There now seems to be little doubt that the Germans will retreat to the Vesle River as soon as possible, any possibility of making a stand north of the Ourcq being seemingly gone.

Against the new British positions at Merris, in the Lys salient, where the Germans were driven back by a surprise attack on Tuesday, there has been a heavy bombardment.

In their advance the Americans drove a new wedge into the enemy lines and the Allies are now in a position to drive the Germans back by flank movements both east and west of the head of the apex, which lies near Nesles. Most exposed is the German line from the Nesles region southward through Clères to Ronches. The line is about four miles in length and offers an opportunity to drive the Germans from the region southwest of Ville-en-Tardenois without a frontal attack against the hills to the south.

### Cheek Flank Attacks.

Strong efforts have been made by the enemy to check the Allies on the flanks, and seemingly they have been successful. Attempts to drive the French from St. Euphrase, an important point southwest of Rheims, on the eastern flank, however, were defeated with losses. Berlin says the fighting front was quiet Tuesday and that Allied efforts Monday were repulsed everywhere.

Some of Germany's supposed best divisions, the 4th Prussian Guard and a Bavarian division, were opponents of American boys from the Middle West and Eastern States. The Americans had outfought them Mo-

day in the battle for Sergy and defeated them badly Tuesday, although the enemy fought valiantly.

The Germans were driven over the ridge north of Sergy and out of the villages of Serigny-et-Nesles and Nesles. Bitter fighting took place in both places, but when night fell the only Germans remaining in the villages were dead, victims of their own valor. Very few prisoners were taken, so desperate was the combat which raged throughout the entire day.

**Shells Won't Stop Yankees.**  
Nesles forest probably will be defended as stoutly as was the ground already taken by the Americans. Machine gun and artillery fire forms the main part of the enemy defense. German shell fire from the forest, however, has had little effect against the Americans. The Allied position about Sergy also was improved by the capture of Hill 212 to the south-east and which commands Clères.

Determined countering by the enemy during the past forty-eight hours may indicate that the German Crown Prince believes he was withdrawn far enough and is prepared for heavy fighting before again moving northward. It is not improbable, however, that the Allied pressure has been so forceful that he has been compelled to the strongest sort of rear guard fighting in order to protect the guns and stores still within the salient. Gen. Foch apparently believes he can drive the Germans to the Vesle or beyond and the American success is a step in that direction.

### British Take Merris.

In Flanders the Allies' position has been improved further through the capture of Merris by Australian troops. Merris is immediately north of Meteron, taken by Scottish troops last week. Field Marshal Haig's nibbling in Flanders and Picardy is having increasing success. In the taking of Merris the Australians captured 169 prisoners and some trench mortars and machine guns. The Germans are retaliating by bombarding the new positions heavily.

### WOMAN'S HAND CRUSHED.

Mrs. Cap Davis, of the Goshen neighborhood, had her hand crushed in an unusual accident recently.

Mr. Davis was digging a well, and was using a horse to draw the earth from the well. Mrs. Davis was standing by the windlass while Mr. Davis was being drawn up, and when the horse stopped, feeling anxious lest her husband fall, took hold of the chain, near the windlass, and when the horse started up again her hand was caught on the windlass under the chain, and two of her fingers were broken.

### EXEMPTION BOARD NEWS.

The local exemption board will begin to-day physical examination of the 1918 registrants, those young men who have become 21 years old since June 5, 1917. Twenty five are called for to-day, twenty five for to-morrow, and the remainder for subsequent dates. There were 203 of this class and 88 of them did not claim exemption. Those claiming exemption will be examined first. Class 1 of the first registration is exhausted, and it is expected the 1918 class of registrants will be called before those put in class 1 in the recent reclassification. The local board expects a call for about 175 men during August. This number will take all the 1918 class of eligibles and a large part of those recently reclassified. It appears reasonably certain now that Congress will immediately, upon reconvening in this month, revise the age limit, making it from 18 to 40, and it is expected that eligibles from men called from the revised age limit will be called for service before the men who are now in the preferred classes.

### DESERTERS CONVICTED.

Odo Wilson and Earl Faught, two army deserters recently returned to Camp Taylor, by Sheriff Bratcher, were taken to Hattiesburg, the camp from which they deserted, for trial. Attorney M. L. Heavrin conducted their defense. The charge was reduced to that of being absent from duty without leave, and they were given sentences of five years each, in a federal penitentiary. It is expected that after serving a few months of their sentence the boys will be sent to the ranks in France.

## PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

The great battle begun on the western front July 15, continues with unabated fury. The first four days of the battle netted the Germans some isolated gains, but on the fifth day the tide turned in favor of the allies, and continues steadily to favor them. For a number of days the German salient in the neighborhood of the Marne, containing a half million Huns, seemed to be in grave danger of being cut off, but by bringing up powerful reinforcements the Germans managed to retreat after suffering great slaughter. But from day to day came unvarying reports of allied victories. At many points along the great battle line the Huns have been forced back, and at no point have they advanced. In the Rethiers-Soissons salient the allies have retrieved many square miles of territory, and have driven the enemy more than eleven miles farther from Paris. The chief significance of the present battle is the demonstrated weakening of the German military power. A million and a quarter American troops are now in France, and the allies' lines are so powerfully reinforced that it is improbable the enemy will ever wage another violent offensive. For the past two days there has been a lull in the fighting, due to the terrific strain on the armies of both belligerents. The day of peace can not now be certainly foreseen.

### MAY SPOIL THE BROTH.

If too many cooks may spoil the broth there is a possible scouring in store for the affairs of Mr. W. A. Maddox, of McHenry. Mr. Maddox and his wife are old and feeble; have enough and to spare of this world's goods but the problem seems to be, who shall administer their affairs. Estill Maddox, son of the old folks, and Henry Nelson, son-in-law, and a number of the neighbors were before Judge Cook a few days ago in an effort to straighten out the tangle. Proceedings had been instituted by Nelson to have a committee appointed to take charge of the old peoples' business, but witnesses stated the old gentleman was only physically, not mentally, incapable to handle his business. It seems the son and son-in-law were each willing to assume the duty. The court being advised, appointed a committee of five, Dick Beck, Charlie Hudson, John Hobdy, Coleman Wells and Charlie Mulligan, to advise with the elder Maddox in the conduct of his business, and in the event of continued family disagreement to report the facts to the court. Mr. Maddox has three or four hundred acres of land and quite a little live stock, but is physically unable to look after it.

**JASON JAILED.**  
Jason Taylor, of Hayti, deserted his wife and baby some time ago and repaired to Owensboro, where the gay hours of the night stretched farther toward the dawn than in his former quiet village, and with the enlarging vision of life his affection for the faithful Effie grew smaller and smaller until he decided to forever free himself from Hayti ties by securing a divorce. Friday Jason came over to prosecute his divorce suit. But all unbeknownst to Jason, Effie had secured an indictment against him for non-support of his child, and Sheriff Bratcher landed Jason in jail.

### ENSIGN WILLIAM MOORE.

A Hartford boy, whose electro appears above, lives to recount, first hand, the terror of the German submarine. While all was quiet on board his ship, the Westover, sailing near the Irish coast, an explosion lifted the ship almost out of the water, and within a very brief time it disappeared from the face of the sea. Along with a great many other sailors, young Moore plunged into the cold waters of the Atlantic and swam on the surface until picked up several minutes later by one of the ship's boats. For three days and nights the shipwrecked marines were huddled in the little boat that was shutcocked hither and thither with the changing winds. For long hours weary eyes searched the horizon of the sea in vain for the appearance of a friendly sail that never appeared. With a rapidly diminishing supply of food and water, hunger and thirst added to the horrible dread of a storm that might at any moment arise to swamp their frail craft. Fortunately late in the afternoon of the fourth day a favorable wind drove their little boat upon the friendly Irish coast, and our boy, William, along with the other members of the crew was soon tucked away in a cosy hospital to recuperate from his long and perilous exposure. We devoutly thank the god of the sea for the favorable calm that enabled our home boy, with his unfortunate companions, to reach a haven of safety.

### CROP CONDITIONS.

County Farm Agent Browder reports great improvements in crop conditions since the rains of last week. The rains covered the entire county except a limited territory about Point Pleasant and Matanzas, where crops are still suffering for the want of moisture. In the northern part of the county, especially about Fordsville and Deansfield, floods did great damage to the growing crops. The Adams Fork and Panther Creek valleys had destructive floods, and much corn and tobacco was ruined.

A very considerable improvement in the corn crop is apparent as a result of the rains. While on account of poor stands a bumper corn crop is not now possible, reasonable conditions through August will insure a fair yield. The acreage is large and the cultivation ideal, and the future of the crop now depends upon the volume of moisture and the intensity of the frost.

Much improvement is also noted in the tobacco crop. Some of the very early tobacco was permanently damaged by the drought, but larger part of the crop responded splendidly to the increased moisture. A small part of the crop was planted with light season, grew off slowly, and it is too late now for it to properly develop. But as a whole the crop is in good condition.

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### THE JAIL GUTTED.

No, it wasn't a fire, but a crew of men working under Mr. W. A. Hillman, preparing for recelling the jail. The entire interior of the building has been torn out, and only the bare walls left. The floor will be laid in concrete and the steel cells put in on the ground floor. The work, including the steel, will cost about \$2,500. The upper floor will not be furnished with cells. It will be used only for women prisoners, and bars across the windows will afford sufficient security. It will probably require a month to complete the work.

### INCORRIGIBLE GIRL.

Another of life's tragedies comes to the court house. A young girl, whose opening life should be building a solid citadel for future usefulness and happiness, casts hope to the winds and indulges a present whirlwind of revelry. F. L. Burnett, of the Adaburg community, comes to the court and asks the Judge to assume the correction of the conduct of his young daughter who declines to respect parental authority. He alleges the girl is disobedient to her parents and associates with immoral characters, and asks the court to take such action as will best serve the correction of her conduct. Summons for the girl

has been issued, and the matter will be heard soon.

### SOME MAYFLOWER SILK.

The permanency of the web of the cocoon is illustrated in a fragment of silk that came over in the Mayflower, which is now in the possession of an Ohio county lady, and is in a good state of preservation. The ancient piece of silk is now a doll dress, the property of Mrs. Leonard Wallace, of near Rosine. The original garment, from which the doll dress remains, was brought over in the pilgrim ship by William Bradford, and was the bridal costume of Mrs. Wallace's great grand-mother and also of her grand-mother. The material is a brown brocaded silk of very fine texture. Mrs. Wallace is very proud of the ancient heirloom.

### TAX COMMISSIONER BUSY.

The office of the county tax commissioner is the busiest place in town. More than one thousand taxpayers have already appeared at his office to register their lists. For the first time in the history of the county system and order and business methods are appearing in the matter of assessment of the county's property. It has been the custom heretofore to allow the taxpayer to place his own value upon his property, and most of them, assuming the other fellow was dodging all the tax possible did likewise, and listed at the lowest possible value. By such methods no uniformity was had in the matter of assessment values. Mr. Ward, acting under the new law, and the direction of the state tax commission, is carefully showing the taxpayers their duty in listing their property, and the result is a uniformity of valuation. The people want to be fair, and to contribute their share to the burden of taxation, and in formerly assessing their property far below its real value, did so because they believed it was necessary to do so because everybody else was doing it, and that if they listed at a fair valuation they would have to carry an unjust part of the tax burden. The fault was in the law, not in the people. Land is being assessed at an increase of fifty per cent over last year and live stock at an advance of a hundred per cent, but the burden is being equally distributed and nobody is harmed.

### A DISEASED MIND PLANS GREAT CRIME

Some unfortunate creature with a criminally diseased mind was prevented, by accidental discovery, the commission of a fearful crime, near Rosine Sunday morning. The man, whose identity is yet unknown, harboring some malice against the railroad company, piled crossties across the railroad track, and loosened the spikes staying the rails, with the evident intention of wrecking a train. It is unthinkable that human being with any measure of rationality would be willing, for the sake of gratifying a grievance against the company, to send to their death perhaps scores of human beings, unconscious of their danger. A careful watch is being kept by the railroad officials for a return engagement of the depraved criminal, and if apprehended society will be riden of him for a good many years to come.

### WILL SAIL TWO SEAS.

W. J. Walton, of Barren county, who is a sailor in Uncle Sam's navy, and Miss Artie Belle Wilson, of Taylor Mines, were married at the courthouse Friday by county Judge Mack Cook. Being a sailor by profession it was the most natural thing in the world that Mr. Walton should embark on the matrimonial sea. We wish him a happy voyage in sailing all the seas.

### PATRIOTIC MEETING.

THE PRINCIPAL SPEAKER AT THE PATRIOTIC RALLY HERE NEXT MONDAY WILL BE CAPT. LUCAS GUEST. CAPT. GUEST WAS BORN IN SOUTH AFRICA, SERVED THROUGH THE BOER WAR; WAS TWICE MENTIONED IN DISPATCHES, GIVEN A COMMISSION IN THE FIELD AT THE AGE OF 17, AND WAS AWARDED KING AND QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICAN WAR MEDAL AND FIVE CLASPS. EVERYBODY SHOULD HEAR THIS VETERAN FIGHTER'S STORY OF THE FIGHTING IN FRANCE.

## 1918 REGISTRANTS GET CLASSIFICATION

### 160 Are Placed In Class One-a By Local Board.

The Local Board has completed classification of the 1918 registrants. 160 of the number were placed in class 1. Doubtless many will appeal to the District Board for reconsideration. The following is the list of those classified:

Charles Fulton, Cromwell, 1-a; Thos. Jefferson Vance, Hartford, R. 2, 3-b; Josiah Jett Haynes, Whitesville, R. 2, 1-a; James Douglas Graham, Narrows, 3-b; Hobart Autrey, McHenry, 1-a; Raymond Vance, Hartford, R. 1, 4-a; Paul Duncan Russell, Hartford, R. 7, 1-a; Willard D. Baugh, Narrows, R. 2, 1-a; Carl Beasley, McHenry, 4-a; Willis Kessinger, Cromwell, 4-a; John D. Roach, Prentiss, 1-a, 5-g; Harry Lou May, Hartford, 1-a; William Clyde Funk, Hartford, R. 5, 1-a; Hobart D. Southard, Prentiss, 1-a; Thos. Chilton Bishop, 3-b; Glendon T. Stevens, Beaver Dam, 1-a; John E. Watson, Rosine, 4-a; Carl Lawrence, (enl) Hartford, 1-a; Jennings Bryan Wright, Livia, R. 2, 1-a; George E. Bobbet, Narrows, R. 2, 1-a; John Arthur Creal, Beaver Dam, 1-a; Chas. L. Hunter, Centertown, 1-a; Roy Cecil Bogard, Fordsville, 1-a; Harrison C. Daugherty, Cromwell, 1-a; Elbert Phelps, McHenry, 1-a; Wems Park, Horse Branch, 1-a; Rurie Britt, Cromwell, 1-a; John Richard Moseley, Beaver Dam, R. 2, 1-a; Oscar Keley, Beaver Dam, 1-a; Ernest Ferguson, Neafus, 1-a; Luther Crumpton, Centertown, 2-a; Owen Hudson, McHenry, 1-a; Roscoe Engler, Paradise, 1-a; Walia H. Boyd, Centertown, 1-a; Ashby Clary, Centertown, 1-a; Mack Logsdon, Rosine, 1-a; Gilbert Roach, Fordsville, 1-a; Dempsey Lindsey, Balzettown, 1-a; James Leslie Harrison, Dunfee, 1-a; Ellis Bush, (enl), Simmons, 4-a; Andy Tropiess Wallace, Hartford, R. 3, 1-a; Robert M. Burdette, Narrows, R. 2, 1-a; Van May, Jr., Hartford, R. 2, 1-a; Ans. Rowe, McHenry, 1-a; Hobart R. Daugherty, Rosine, 1-a; Alron Stewart, Beaver Dam, 1-a; Ernest B. Magan, Olinton, 4-a; Charlie Fleener, Equality, 1-a; Wilbur Pserton Rhoads, 1-a; Owen Harris, Beaver Dam, 1-a; William Holland Gray, Hartford, R. 5, 1-a; William H. Stearsman, Centertown, 1-a; John Thelis, Beaver Dam, 4-a; Herbert Evans, Philpot, R. 4, 1-a; Ira Green Haven, Cromwell, 1-a; Walter Douglas, Barrett's Ferry, 1-a; Everett Geary, Horse Branch, 1-a; Mosis Duvall, Hartford, 4-a; Felix Wallace Royal, R. 1, 2-a; George Wright, Fordsville, 1-a; Noble Bryan Barnes, Prentiss, 1-a; Ona Franklin Rogers, Whitesville, R. 2, 4-n; Roger York, Fordsville, 1-a; Elvis Murphy, Narrows, 2, 1-a; Hobart Hoagland, Hartford, R. 3, 1-a; John Addison Howard, Rockport, 1-a; Marvin Hingood Carlisle, Centertown, 1-a; James Coleman Carpenter, McHenry, 1-a; Joe J. Shultz, Beaver Dam, R. 4, 2-a; Arnold Johnson, Fordsville, R. 2, 1-a; Jesse Lyons, Reynolds, 1-a; Cora Benjamin Fulton, Beaver Dam, R. 2, 1-a; Ivan Edge, Narrows, R. 2, 1-a; Harry Filback, Olinton, 1-a; Arthur Huff, Echols, 1-a; Charlie Boswell, (enl), Hartford, R. 2, 1-a; John A. Rucker (enl), Hartford, 1-a; Leonard Parks (enl), Hartford, 1-a; Stoy Hurt, Narrows, 1-a; Andy Rimer, Centertown, 1-a; Richard Raymer, Renfrow, 4-a; Robert Shown, Hartford, R. 7, 1-a; Roy Ingram, McHenry, 1-a; John D. Fulkerson, Echols, 4-a; Jouett Petly, Fordsville, R. 3, 1-a; Golden Shown, Hartford, R. 5, 1-a; Joe Tom Taylor, Hartford, R. 6, 1-a; Fred Arnold May, Hartford, 1-a; Clarence Midkiff, Hartford, 1-a; Roy Cornel Coffman, Centertown, 1-a; Wendell Greer, Whitesville, 1-a; Lloyd Dodd Morris, Fordsville, R. 3, 1-a; Randell Hoover, Hartford, 1-a; John Mitchell, Dundee, 1-a; George Arvin Hoover, Hartford, R.

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## Our Army and What it Costs

### Most People Figure Expansion Much Less and Cost Much Greater Than Facts Warrant

Most people understand that the United States army has been tremendously expanded in the year America has been at war. All have seen the army grow, in one sense—they have watched the men go away, have written letters and sent packages to the boys.

Few realize, however, that the army has increased 700 per cent, in round numbers, in that one year. Official figures from Washington show that it is.

When America entered the war on April 6, 1917, the total strength of all branches of the service (Regular army, National Guard and reserves) was 212,004—9,524 officers and 202,510 men.

On April 6, 1918, the grand total strength of the American army (all branches) was 1,652,725—123,801 officers and 1,528,924 men.

The detailed figures of the old and the new armies, which are worth preserving, are as follows:

	April, 1917	April, 1918		
Officers	Men	Officers	Men	
Regular army	5,971	121,597	10,628	503,142
National Guard	3,733	76,713	10,593	431,581
Reserve corps (in service)	0	4,000	66,210	77,360
National army	0	0	516,839	
Total	10,628	202,510	123,801	1,528,924

The cost of the army during the first year of the war is a thing that is generally overestimated. People are prone to think of the billions that have been appropriated instead of the actual amounts that have been expended.

Official figures from Washington show that the total expenditures on the army for the year America has been in the war—including everything from new uniforms to shoe laces and a good many things not properly chargeable to the war—were \$3,000,761,907.15.

That sum does not include, of course, the obligations of the war department—contracts made for the billions of dollars' worth of supplies that will be furnished this year; it is the sum actually paid out for materials already delivered and pay of the men for the time they have already served. There are included ship and harbor and civil establishment expenditures that would have been made had there been no war. The detailed official figures of war department appropriations and expenditures for the year are as follows:

	April, 1917	April, 1918
Civil establishment	\$ 16,205,410	
Military establishment	7,113,835,163.8	
Rivers and harbors	34,731,150.00	
Total	\$7,401,771,756.18	

Withdrawals from the treasury have been made under these appropriations during the period from June 15, 1917, to March 3, 1918, as follows:

Civil establishment \$ 6,517,918.70

Military establishment 2,810,606,885.85

Rivers and harbors 18,337,102.60

\$9,006,761,907.15

### Manager George Stallings Is in the Game Heart and Soul on the Ball Diamond

Fred Mitchell, manager of the Chicago Cubs, delights to tell stories of his former boss, Miracle Man Stallings of the Braves. When Mitch was Stallings' assistant in Boston he had many run-ins with the manager, and he admits now that Stallings thinks more of a man who will answer him back on occasion.

Stallings is a firebrand in baseball; never laughs, rarely smiles, doesn't jest, and roasts the daylight out of a



George T. Stallings.

man who makes a slip. He is also a nervous person, and becomes enraptured on the bench while he is watching a game, and plays the whole contest over, solo, as he sits on the players' bench.

Stallings is merciless in calling down a player and criticizing his work.

"A fellow made a boohie once while Stallings was watching from the bench," said Mitchell. "Look at that boohie!" said Stallings. "What a boohie! No, he isn't a homehead; his head is made of Krupp steel!"

#### Another German Atrocity.

Weird and wonderful are the mixtures that pass us tobacco in Germany now that the government has decreed that anything is tobacco that contains not less than 5 per cent of that weed. The rest may be dried leaves of beech, cherry, clover, hops, beetroot, sorrel, potato, rhubarb or coltsfoot. One German writer says that the result is "a rank offense, it smells to heaven." Cigars made from this "tobacco" go by the appropriate popular name of "Influenza Scandalosa."

#### Twenty Years Ago.

Bicycles were as common as legs.

Automobiles and millionaires were rare.

Table board was \$3 a week, or \$5 a week with the "best room in the house."

Hotels had a "bill of fare," and the "menu" with prices marked opposite was almost unknown.

Appendicitis had just been discovered.

Nobody wore white shoes, and blue beach suits were in the "alpen stage."

Jules Verne had a monopoly on the submarine.—Washington Times.

The production of sunflowers is being encouraged in England. The ministry of food and production department has issued instructions on how to grow sunflowers and advises all persons to grow them, explaining that the seed is rich in oil and makes an excellent chicken food.

### WANTED TO THANK DONORS

After This, It Would Be Folly to Say That Sailors Do Not Appreciate Gifts.

Mrs. Anna Steele Richardson writes in the Woman's Home Companion: "As for knitted garments, I wish you could have been with me one day at a certain naval base near New York, when the crew of a ship which had been accidentally sunk in our very harbor entered the chaplain's office to receive their fresh supply of knitted garments. They had all lost their clothing, barely escaping with their lives."

The boys lined up like the well-trained sailors they were, tucked their supplies under their arms and marched out again, headed by an officer. But the moment they broke ranks outside headquarters each boy became absorbed in his own particular package of knitted garments and comfort bag, turning the sweaters, the helmets, the wristlets and even the bags inside out, poking inquiring fingers into every corner.

"What are they looking for—sizes?" I asked the young officer at my elbow.

"Dear, no," said my guide with a laugh. "Letters, notes, the addresses of the lady who knitted the garment or filled the bag. They want to write back and say thank you."

"After watching their frezzed search for notes and addresses, nothing can ever make me believe that the boys do not appreciate such gifts."

#### JOKE ON DESTROYER CAPTAIN

Spent Hours Searching for Convoy Which It Turned Out Never Had Been Lost.

Humorous stories as well as tragic tales comes from the seas, even in war time. A British naval officer was relating with great glee to his friends at the club a story about one of his majesty's destroyers which was detailed to escort a transport filled with troops.

This transport, it seems, was commanded by a captain who, unlike most of his class, was meek and mild. The night was dark and dirty and naturally no lights were showing. In the storm and darkness the destroyer lost sight of her convoy. Her commander, who was one of the nervous, peppy sort, dashed up and down and around and about but could not pick her up. Of course the naval officer blamed the captain of the convoy for not keeping in touch and said things about the seamanship of the convoy's captain that would not read well in print.

Finally after several hours vainly searching the destroyer's commander thought his best plan would be to run for the nearest port and there see if he could get any news of the missing transport. The destroyer thrashed her way through a heavy sea at a speed of 20 knots. Just as she entered the harbor she picked up a plaintive wail from the convoy: "Need we follow you any longer?"

#### Art in a Butcher Shop.

When hotels have anniversaries or department stores end half centuries of service flowers are always present in abundance and a butcher up town had observed this. Yesterday, when he noted by his calendar that the next day would end ten years of faithful service, he decided that flowers were in order. So, fearing that others would not remember the date he ordered. They came and the butcher arranged them as artistically as his art in dicing sausages allowed him. But when customers began to come in later he noticed sausages. At first he took this for commendation and smiled back, but later he walked all the way around the wreath and inspected them more carefully. And then it was that he decided flowers could never, never become his friends. For resting in a cluster which was supported by the sausages was a banner reading, "Rest in Peace," and the ribbon which upheld the standard of the roses and was propped against the liverwurst. "We will meet you over there," which brings to mind the immortal inscription by the reporter who interviewed the chaplain schwartz cheese devourer of the world.—New York Times.

#### Bit of Finnish History.

Finland, which has declined its independence from Russia, has long been a buffer state between the latter and Sweden. After Peter the Great conquered Finland in 1721 and annexed its easternmost province, Viborg, Sweden made repeated but unsuccessful efforts to regain this province. Finally Alexander I, in 1809, brought the Finnish territories under the Muscovite yoke. Since about 1890, however, Finnish liberties have been greatly curtailed. The powers of the Finnish diet were cancelled and its constitution practically abrogated. In 1808 a Russian dictator was appointed and the country flooded with Russian spies; arbitrary arrests and banishments became daily occurrences; no means of Russification was left untried. The Fins are of Mongolian extraction and number about 3,000,000.—The Marine Journal.

#### A Home Wrecked.

"I understand Mrs. Gibson has left Mr. Gibson and gone home to her mother."

"Yes, a sad affair. She charges him with excessive cruelty."

"You surprise me. Gibson doesn't look like a man who would beat his wife."

"Oh, he didn't do anything of that sort. He got hold of a gas mask somewhere and when Mrs. Gibson started one of her monologues he put it on,"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

### INTERESTING MID SUMMER FASHION PARAGRAPHS

Any sort of embellished shoulder scarf is an acceptable accessory to our dress these days. Glass fringe is one of the newer touches to add charm to scarfs of colored tulle and net.

\*\*\*

Gray and black are a smart combination, in cloth and satin, in silk and serge. Some touch of color, of course, is needed to emphasize this combination and give it a dash. Oriental embroidery, in silk or beads, is a touch used sometimes by the discriminating dressmaker.

\*\*\*

Fine pin tucks are a noticeable feature of some of the cloth coats that are a part of two-piece suits of fine fabric.

\*\*\*

Where are our new blouses going to open? Nobody knows, of course, but just now there is a tendency toward acceptance of the blouse that opens at the side.

\*\*\*

A very effective hat worn recently by a well-dressed young woman was made by navy blue Georgette crepe. Over it was stretched a network of deep purple fringe. The junctures of the different strands of fringe were emphasized with a small, dull brown wooden bead.

\*\*\*

Lace is still much used in fine lingerie, and the finest of real filet is used with charming effect. It wears well, too, and in these days when we try to buy with wisdom, we think a bit about the durability of our lingerie.

\*\*\*

Some of the new all-enveloping capes of silk jersey are lined with silk in vivid contrasting color. Cerise is used, for instance, in a cape of biscuit color, orange yellow in one of gray, and a green lining in a cape of dark blue.

\*\*\*

And although some of the new blouses show collars, still most of them are of the collarless variety with a rolling effect at the back. American women have found this line infinitely becoming, and they are insisting on its continuance with a perseverance that is really commendable.

\*\*\*

Short negligees, of course, are featured, but some of the very attractive new rest robes of Georgette and chiffon and tulle show long trains, sometimes fan shape, sometimes simply long ends of the fabric training at the back.

\*\*\*

Dark sleeves are shown in some of the attractive new blouses of tan Georgette drape. For the woman always watching for some practical touch in new clothes, these blouses appeal mightily. For the dark sleeves, be it remembered, do not show soil so quickly as light ones. It is a rather gloomy thought to remember that they probably really do become soiled almost as quickly as do white ones. But if you must wear a blouse for a considerable stretch of time—on a long railroad journey, for instance, or all day long doing Red Cross work that may be a bit dusty—you feel far fresher at the end of the time in a dark-sleeved blouse than in a light one.

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF OHIO CO.

Section 5 Chapter 11 of Act 1318

Contains the following provisions:

"It shall be the duty of the tax-

payers of the county to appear at the office of the Tax Commissioner between the dates July the 1st and October 31st and furnish said Tax Commissioner a complete list of their property of all kinds and description."

Now in compliance with said Act,

I, or one or more of my deputies

will be in my office at the court

house to serve you. In order to avoid

delay and rush please report at the

earliest possible date.

payors of the county to appear at the office of the Tax Commissioner between the dates July the 1st and October 31st and furnish said Tax Commissioner a complete list of their property of all kinds and description."

Now in compliance with said Act, I, or one or more of my deputies will be in my office at the court house to serve you. In order to avoid delay and rush please report at the earliest possible date.

Respectfully,  
D. E. Ward,  
Tax Commissioner.

Summer Complaint.

During the hot weather of the summer months some member of almost every family is likely to be troubled with an unnatural looseness of the bowels, and it is of the greatest importance that this be treated promptly, which can only be done when the medicine is kept at hand. Mrs. F. F. Scott, Scottsville, N. Y., states, "I first used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy as much as five years ago. At that time I had a severe attack of summer complaint and was suffering intense pain. One dose relieved me. Other members of my family have since used it with like results."

### NATIONAL TRADE MARK TO IDENTIFY GOODS

Two national bodies which include in their membership the great part of the manufacturing and mercantile industries in the country have vigorously opposed the Government's proposal, through the Department of Commerce, to establish a national trade-mark to be applied to all goods originating in this country. Many reasons are offered as to why such a plan is not only impracticable, but decidedly unfair to those manufacturers who have spent thousands of dollars advertising a trade-mark for their products.

"But this does not constitute a real cause for opposition," declares an official connected with the Department of Commerce. "At first glance it may seem a forceful argument against the wisdom of adopting a national trade-mark, but upon closer examination it is not logical. Suppose, for instance, that the manufacturer of an article is not logical. Suppose, for instance, that the manufacturer of an article has advertised extensively in a foreign country where he put his products on the market, and at the end of a considerable length of time had built up a good business on the strength of his trade-mark. Under the Government plan this manufacturer would now be licensed along with his strongest competitor to use the national trade-mark.

"Does the established manufacturer derive any benefit from his use of the national trade-mark? He does; he thereby identifies his goods as American made and, backed up by his Government as being just what they are represented to be. The trade-mark will be a sort of exclusive affair and will not fall to such common use as the slogan 'Made in U. S. A.' Another benefit to the well-established manufacturer is the fact that the Government will license only those manufacturers who produce first-class goods, thus his product will be known as the best because of the Government guarantee."

### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA HARDEN REFUTES HERTLING'S CHARGE

## The Hartford Republican

Published Weekly by  
HARTFORD PRINTING COMPANY  
Incorporated

C. E. SMITH, W. S. TINSLEY,  
President Sec-Treas.

JOHN HENRY THOMAS, Editor  
W. S. TINSLEY, Associate Editor  
and Business Manager.

Entered according to law at the  
Postoffice, Hartford, Ky., as mail  
matter of the second class.

Address all communications to  
The Hartford Republican.

**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.**  
Subscribers desiring the paper sent  
to a new address must give the old  
address in making the request.

Business Locals and Notices 10c  
per line, and 2c per line for additional  
insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Cards  
of Thanks, 5c per line, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free,  
but other advertisements, 5c per line.

Anonymous communications will  
receive no attention.

**TELEPHONES.**  
Cumberland ..... 123  
Farmers Mutual ..... 59

**FRIDAY, AUGUST 2**

Hartford people would find some  
compensation in an early frost. It  
would clear the streets of weeds.

The toper's hope is gone. A  
Hopkins county magistrate has  
decided the anti-slipping law is  
constitutional.

Do not forget that to-morrow is  
primary election day, and that Ohio  
county has a candidate for Judge of  
the Court of Appeals. Come out and  
vote for Mr. Heavrin.

Senator James voted against sub-  
mitting a national constitutional pro-  
hibition amendment, and the dry  
Democrats may not fall over each  
other in a mad rush to get to the  
polls to vote for him.

We lay no claims to the gifts of  
prophecy, but with his illegal voting,  
his ineligibility and his third term  
handicap we still take a chance and  
predict the nomination of Judge Set-  
tle, by the Democrats, for Judge of  
the Court of Appeals.

It is remarkable that the world  
should be in doubt as to whether or  
not such world characters as ex-Czar  
Nicholas, of Russia and General Von  
Hindenburg, of Germany, are living  
or dead. But we are inclined to  
count the distinguished gentlemen  
out.

Farmers and others buying wagons  
should have in mind the new State  
law governing the width of tire. The  
new law limits the weight to be  
hauled over the public roads  
according to the width of tire. Care  
along this line might save prosecu-  
tions.

While it is being urged that we  
must adopt national prohibition in  
order to win the war, it may be interest-  
ing to mention that the only country  
in Europe which regarded it  
necessary to stop the use of intoxicants  
to win the war, was Russia. We are not making an argument.  
Just stating a fact.

It is a grave compliment to Mr. M.  
L. Heavrin that of the three Repub-  
lican circuit judges in the second  
Appellate district, Judge Slack, of  
Owensboro, Moss, of Bowling Green  
and Carter, of Thompkinsville, each  
of them is supporting Mr. Heavrin's  
candidacy for Judge of the Court of  
Appeals.

The time draws closer for us to  
take our tramp vacation, and we are  
hungry for the time. We shall try  
to interest our readers with a few  
columns of recital of our exper-  
iences while playing the role of the  
"Weary Willie." The prosaic and  
the commonplace pull, we have a  
hankering for novelty.

Every public spirited citizen should  
lend a helping hand in the present  
campaign to stamp out illiteracy in  
Ohio county. There are only about  
four hundred people in the county  
who can not read and write, and with  
a united effort to support the cam-  
paign now being waged we can  
reduce that number by seventy five  
per cent by the end of October. Let  
us all help.

The recent successes of the allied  
armies should not mislead our people  
into a state of inactivity. The  
war is not yet won. Many days, and  
may be years, of hard fighting are yet  
before us. The great armies we have  
already sent over must be supported,  
and possibly greater armies must  
yet be sent over. Our days of sacrifice  
may be just beginning. Days,  
hours, are precious, and persistent

activity should be the watch word.  
Let us begin anew our Red Cross  
work and buying war saving and  
thrift stamps. Let us economize  
every possible morsel of feed and  
thread of clothing. The great and  
pressing duty must not be shirked.  
Sacrifice should be written in large  
letters on every door of every home  
and office in the land as a constant  
reminder of our duty.

Ohio county needs a modern Peter  
the Hermit to preach a crusade of  
good roads. The county is woefully  
behind all the adjoining counties in  
the matter of road improvement.  
The time will come when the county  
will have a modern road system, but  
the event must wait upon the pleasure  
of the people. The public is paying  
a hundred thousand dollars a  
year for bad roads, but because it has  
never known the value of good roads  
it does not realize the actual sacrifice  
it is making. The Fiscal court can  
and we think will make some im-  
provement in the present manner of  
working the roads but it can not  
make roads without the people will  
authorize a proper expenditure of  
money for the purpose. Every good  
thing must be paid for and we shall  
not have decent roads until the public  
gets willing to pay the price.

Being fairly schooled in the game  
of politics we can scarcely repress a  
 pang of pity for our Democratic  
friends in the matter of their race  
for the senatorial nomination. They  
have a most unfortunate en-  
vassalment. Press Kimball is the  
thorn in their side. Press claims  
that he will support James and asks  
his friends to do likewise. On the  
face of it it looks generous, but it  
isn't. James is confined to a hos-  
pital and can't make a canvass. A  
light primary vote for James would  
be a calamity, and the Democratic  
press is growing frantic in its efforts  
to get out their vote. Press says he  
is running just to insure the nomination  
being made by popular vote, but  
a popular vote is just what the party  
does not want now, but it can't afford  
to say so. If James, who is very  
sick, were to die before the primary  
Press would be the only candidate or  
the ballot, and of course would be the  
nominee. No doubt the honorable  
Press never thought of this contin-  
gency but his party leaders have  
On its upper surface Press' propo-  
sition is as fair as a cloudless day and  
his party leaders dare not assail it  
but its under surface looks sinister  
and dark and they are cussing it under  
their breath. If Press had not  
got in the way with that popular vote  
stuff his party would not have had  
to hazard a light vote calamity. And  
Press is going to get some votes.

The gossip monger, like the poor,  
We have always with us. Just now  
he is busy out in the county circulating  
slanderous lies about the local ex-  
emption board. All sorts of stories,  
from statements that government  
agents are here investigating the  
board to reports that its members  
have been arrested and jailed, are  
heard. There is no foundation of  
truth in any of these reports. This  
board is composed of Sam Keown,  
Sam Barnett and Dr. E. B. Pendleton,  
three of the most honorable and in-  
corruptable gentlemen in the county.  
They have discharged their duties  
faithfully and honorably, and no sus-  
picion of misconduct upon the part  
of any member of the board has ever  
been heard here in Hartford where  
their work has been done. The  
board may have made some mistakes,  
as all human agencies will, but there  
is absolutely no foundation in fact  
for any of these silly charges of un-  
faithfulness that find circulation in  
remote sections of the county. This  
newspaper owes to the people of the  
county, who support it, a duty to pro-  
tect the public interest when necessary.  
We shall fearlessly perform this  
duty, and if the exemption board  
or any other public official proves  
falsifiable to the public trust an expos-  
ure of such conduct will appear in  
these columns. But we regard it as  
much a duty to defend the innocent  
as to expose the guilty, hence this  
defense of the local exemption board.

Let us at once mobilize the whole  
man-power of this country between  
the ages of 19 and 50 or 60. The  
draft should take in all men of 19,  
even if they were not sent abroad  
until they were 20 years old. Let us  
act at once. Perhaps we can beat  
the Germans this year, if we keep  
pouring our troops over with the  
utmost speed. But let us take no  
chances. Let us proceed upon the  
assumption that Germany will fight  
next spring and, therefore, let us  
act instantly so that by spring we  
will have in France an army of fight-  
ing men, exclusively of non-combat-  
ants and exclusively of home depots,  
which shall amount to 4,000,000  
armed soldiers at the very least.

Let us fight beside the French,  
the British, the Italians, and be ready  
to fight instantly in the Balkan  
Peninsula and in Asia Minor against  
the Germans and their vassal states.  
There must be no delay, not by so  
much as one hour, and no letting up  
for one moment in the cause of our  
entire strength.

Do you get up at night? Sanol is  
surely the best for all kidney or bladder  
troubles. Sanol gives relief in  
24 hours from all headache and bladder  
troubles. Sanol is a guaranteed  
remedy. 50c and \$1.00 a bottle at  
the drug store.

## BACK UP THE FIGHTING MEN AT THE FRONT

(By Theodore Roosevelt.)

There is no American worth calling  
such whose veins do not thrill  
with pride when he reads of what  
has been done by General Pershing  
and his gallant army in France. The  
soldiers over there who wear the  
American uniform have made all  
good Americans forever their debtors.  
Now and always afterward we  
of this country will walk with our  
heads high because of the men who  
face death and wounds, and so many  
of whom have given their lives fighting  
for this nation and for the great  
ideals of humanity across the seas.

But we must not let our pride and  
our admiration evaporate in mere  
pride, in mere admiration of what  
others have done. We must put the  
whole strength of this nation back  
of the fighting men at the front. We  
owe it to them. We owe it at least  
as much to the gallant allies, who  
for near four years fought the great  
battle that was our battle, no less  
than theirs.

At last we have begun to come to  
their assistance, but let us solemnly  
realize that we came very late, and  
that it is a dreadful thing if we waste  
one hour that can now be saved, or  
weaken in the smallest degree any  
effort that can be made.

The inability or refusal of Bolshevik  
Russia to do her part in the  
great war for liberty and democracy  
has cast a terrible added burden upon  
the allies. On the eastern front  
she has meant the temporary allied  
ruin and the feeling of the armies of  
intocracy for action against the  
Western people. England, France  
and Belgium for four years, and Italy  
for over three years, have been fighting  
the battle of civilization. Their  
man-power is terribly depleted.  
Thank heaven we have got some  
hundreds of thousands of soldiers  
across in time to be a real element  
in saving Paris. Temporarily, at  
least, and I hope permanently, we  
have done our part in this respect.  
But the faltering, the least letting  
up or failure in pushing forward our  
preparations and our assistance  
would be dangerous to the allied  
cause and a wicked desertion of our  
friends.

From now on America should  
make this peculiarly America's war.  
From now on we should take the  
burden of the war upon our shoulders.  
We should move forward at once,  
with all the force that there is  
in us. We should not allow the  
war to drag for so much as a day,  
and above all we should not permit  
our people to fall under the spell of  
pacifist dreams or possible pacifist  
actions. There should not be inter-  
mission of so much as a week in sending  
our troops across the seas. This  
war won't be won by food, or by  
money, or by savings, or by thrift  
stamps, or by the Red Cross, or by  
anything else, altho all of these will  
help win the war. It will be won  
by the valor of the fighting men at  
the front, and this valor will fall unless  
our fighting men at the front are  
millions strong.

The gossip monger, like the poor,  
We have always with us. Just now  
he is busy out in the county circulating  
slanderous lies about the local ex-  
emption board. All sorts of stories,  
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or any other public official proves  
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war won't be won by food, or by  
money, or by savings, or by thrift  
stamps, or by the Red Cross, or by  
anything else, altho all of these will  
help win the war. It will be won  
by the valor of the fighting men at  
the front, and this valor will fall unless  
our fighting men at the front are  
millions strong.

Every week this summer and fall  
we should be putting fresh troops  
by scores of thousands across the  
ocean, and now, to-day, this week, we  
should provide for placing a larger  
army in the field next spring than  
Germany itself, or France and Eng-  
land combined. We are a more popu-  
lous, a richer country than Ger-  
many. We have a larger population  
than Great Britain and France com-  
bined. These nations have fought  
for four years. We have only just  
begun to fight.

Let us at once mobilize the whole  
man-power of this country between  
the ages of 19 and 50 or 60. The  
draft should take in all men of 19,  
even if they were not sent abroad  
until they were 20 years old. Let us  
act at once. Perhaps we can beat  
the Germans this year, if we keep  
pouring our troops over with the  
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assumption that Germany will fight  
next spring and, therefore, let us  
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will have in France an army of fight-  
ing men, exclusively of non-combat-  
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which shall amount to 4,000,000  
armed soldiers at the very least.

Let us fight beside the French,  
the British, the Italians, and be ready  
to fight instantly in the Balkan  
Peninsula and in Asia Minor against  
the Germans and their vassal states.  
There must be no delay, not by so  
much as one hour, and no letting up  
for one moment in the cause of our  
entire strength.

Twenty pounds of quinine has just  
been shipped to the leper colony at  
Farafangana, South Madagascar, by  
the American Red Cross, for the  
relief of the Sisters of St. Vincent de  
Paul, who are conducting the leper  
colony there.

A letter received by the American  
Red Cross through its Paris office

reported that the sisters in the mis-

teries were in dire need of quinine.

Owing to the prevalence of fever in

the country, a certain amount of

quinine is said to be necessary for the

sisters to maintain their health.

An appeal had been made to the

French Minister for the Colonies in

Paris, and the answer came back that

it was unlawful to export quinine

from France at this time. So the

appeal was turned over to the French

Commission of the American Red

Cross.

A trans-Atlantic steamer is now

making the long journey to these

sisters of charity, bearing in the hold

the precious shipment marked for

"Soeur Louise, Le Proserie de Far-

Division News."

mothers and little tots of girls, the  
unspeakable mutilating of soldiers  
and the amputation of young boys'  
arms, the sorting out to officers of  
the best-looking girls and the turn-  
ing over of the others to the mercy  
of the hell-hound Hun privates?  
Thank God there's no such church  
in Elizton or Todd or even an ad-  
joining county, but there's one in a  
county not far from here, and we  
are amazed at the people of the town  
of its location permitting such a mess  
of Germanized rottenness to exist,  
whether it scatters its stench under  
the name of church or a German  
beer garden.

## FOR SALE

One farm containing 55 acres located  
near Buck Horn, Kentucky, price  
\$40 per acre. Contains some walnut  
timber that will make saw logs.  
Also one well of lasting pure water.  
Call on or address L. D. HENNETT,  
Esq., Hartford, R. F. D. No. 3, or  
CAPT. WM. E. HENNETT, U. S.  
Army, 120 W. 17th St., Owensboro,  
Ky.

## GROUP MISSIONARY MEETING.

A group missionary meeting com-  
posed of the following charges: Hartford,  
Heaver Dam, Centertown and  
Dundee, is to be held here in the  
Methodist church next Friday even-  
ing and all day Saturday. A cordial  
invitation is hereby extended to the  
other Missionary societies of the town  
and community to join with us.  
Luncheon will be served in the base-  
ment of the church at the noon hour.  
Mrs. Harris whose name appears on  
the Program is a returned missionary  
and is a delightful speaker and very  
instructive. You will miss a great  
treat if you fail to hear her. The  
following is the program.

8:30 Friday Evening Missionary  
address, Mrs. S. S. Harris.

Saturday.

10:00 a. m. Devotional Rev. A.

D. Litchfield.

10:15 a. m. Organization.

10:30 a. m. Secretary's Message.

11:00 a. m. Reports from Auxiliaries.

11:15 a. m. Questions on Depart-  
ment Work. Answered by Mrs. S.

S. Harris.

11:45 a. m. Mission Study Mrs.

S. S. Harris.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

1

# Join The Crowd At The Beach.

Before going in, however, provide yourself with a Bathing Suit.

You can find in our stock a selection that will please you and the price is right. So don't worry, while the others are enjoying themselves, but come to our store for your Suit, Cap, Slippers, and other accessories. Do this, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.



# FAIR, & CO.

THE FAIR DEALERS

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, AUGUST 2

**M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.**  
South Bound, No. 115—  
Due at Hartford.....9:05 a. m.  
North Bound, No. 114—  
Due at Hartford.....6:45 p. m.  
(Both "Mixed" Trains.)

Now is the time to sow red top and clover seed. Get them from W. E. ELLIS & BRO. 314

Mrs. Alex Grigsby is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Amanda Henry, in Owensboro, this week.

Mr. Shelby Stevens, of Baton Rouge, La., is visiting his mother, Mrs. Laura Stevens.

Shows at the Star Theater will be on Thursday instead of Friday nights, as heretofore.

Mr. J. W. Thomas, of Narrows, was the guest of his brother, Mr. J. H. Thomas, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Graham, of Narrows, gave us a pleasant call while in town Monday.

Mr. T. H. Black went to Louisville Wednesday, where he will spend the remainder of the week.

Mrs. W. T. Woodward, will go to Louisville to-day to visit her son, Attorney E. M. Woodward.

Miss Ruth Riley, who has been attending a business school at Bowling Green, came home Tuesday.

Capt. J. G. Keown, with the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., spent Sunday here with his family.

Mrs. Ernest Woodward and baby, of Louisville, came down Wednesday for a visit with relatives.

Mr. W. H. Maddox and niece, Miss Effie Baxter, of Echoes, were among Republican office visitors Monday.

Five Ohio county boys will be sent to Indianapolis August 15 for mechanical training for army service.

Dr. C. J. Rhoads, of Union City, Tenn., visited his old Hartford and Ohio county haunts the first of the week.

The Liberty Tea Room will appreciate a donation of a ham. Will some patriotic farmer help a worthy cause?

Mrs. Charlie Neel and children, of Narrows, returned home Monday, after a week's visit with Mrs. Neel's brother, Prof. Roy Foreman, of Goshen.

Dr. J. W. Taylor is spending a few days in Louisville.

Mr. Hosea Shown, of Route 6, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. S. D. Matthews, of Fordsville, called on us Friday.

Mr. E. D. Foreman, of Narrows, called on us Monday.

Remember the Thursday night shows at the Star Theater.

Insure your tobacco against hail. W. J. BEAN, Agent, Hartford.

Mr. Walter Blackburn, of Williams Mines, called on us Wednesday.

Mr. C. T. Tinsley, of Simmons, was among our callers Tuesday.

Mr. S. L. Midkiff, of near Buford, was here yesterday on business.

Mrs. Elsia Thurber, of Eureka, Ind., is visiting relatives at Barretta Ferry.

Misses Wilma and Ruth Lowe are spending the week with relatives near Glasgow.

Mr. Grant Pollard, marshal at Fordsville, was among our visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Smith ran over to Owensboro Wednesday, returning yesterday.

Rowan Holbrook made a business trip to Louisville Wednesday, returning yesterday.

Esquire William Daugherty, of Halsetown, was in town Tuesday.

Capt. J. J. Tilford, of Fordsville, called on us while in town Tuesday.

Mr. Arvis Wedding, of Narrows, called at the Republican office Monday.

Mrs. E. P. Sandefur and children are spending the week with relatives in Owensboro.

Mr. Marvin Mean, who has been at Georgetown for some time, is at home this week.

We appreciate the value of newspaper advertising. See our whole page ad this week.

Miss Vera Hawkias, of Benetts, is spending the summer with relatives in Oklahoma.

Miss Ethlyne Moaarch and Mrs. Golda Hayden, of Livia, are spending the week with Mrs. J. C. Riley.

Mr. K. J. McLaney, of Louisville, was in town yesterday and while here paid this office an appreciated visit.

Dr. C. M. Heavrin, of Owensboro, has moved to Hawesville, where he will engage in the practice of medicine.

Mrs. Cst P. Keown is spending the week-end visiting relatives and attending the Baptist Bible Institute at Fordsville.

If you have something you want to sell a four line ad in the Hartford Republican will find you a buyer. Try it.

The tobacco market has opened in North Carolina with prices ranging from ten to fifteen dollars higher than last year.

LOST—One gold case, Elgin movement, ladies' watch. Return to Ernest Birkhead, Hartford, Ky., and receive reward.

Supt and Mrs. E. S. Howard and little daughter, Tryphena, visited Supt. Howard's father and family, near Select, Sunday.

Mrs. A. R. Renfrow and children, of Narrows, have gone to Owensboro for the winter, where the children will enter school.

Mr. Buck Midkiff, a farmer, of near Sulphur Springs, had a barn struck and materially damaged by lightning one night last week.

Rev. Walter Greep will go to Hopkinsville Saturday to fill an appointment to preach at a church, of which he is pastor, near that city.

The protracted meeting, conducted by Rev. A. D. Litchfield, at Goshen, is having a good attendance and accomplishing much good.

Mrs. G. W. Bunker and daughter, Miss Mary, who have been confined with serious illness for some time, are but little, if any better.

The Fiscal Court will meet Wednesday to consider questions of road work and any other matters that may properly come before it.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodney Camp and children, of Illinois, are visiting Mrs. Camp's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Boyd, at Horseshoe Branch.

The Ladies Aid of Nocreek, M. E. Church, will serve refreshments on the church grounds to-morrow afternoon, commencing at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. Frank Slaton and children, of Kansas City, Mo., are with Mrs. Slaton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Gaines, at Fordsville, this week.

Tom Harrel and Bertha Culbertson, both of McHenry, were married at the court house Tuesday. Judge Cook performed the marriage rites.

Hartford had a sugar famine the first of the week. For a couple of days there was not a pound of sugar to be had at a Hartford grocery.

Mrs. Essie Graves and family, of Narrows, were guests of the family of Mr. Walker Myrtle, at Horse Branch, the first of the week.

A warrant has been issued in Judge Cook's court for Simon Dennison, of McHenry, charging him with maiming a cow, the property of Roy T. Stewart.

DR. BEN L. BRUNER, OF LOUISVILLE, WILL ADDRESS THE PATRIOTIC MEETING AT THE METHODIST CHURCH HERE SUNDAY. DR. BRUNER IS ONE OF THE BEST ORATORS IN THE STATE, AND SHOULD HAVE A BIG AUDIENCE AT HIS APPEARANCE HERE.

Service will be withdrawn from all telephone subscribers who fail to pay their dues by the 10th of the month. PERD CASEBIER, 614 Manager.

It will be Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights instead of Tuesday, Friday and Saturday nights. What will? Why, the show at the Star Theater.

Don't forget to turn out to the primary to-morrow, and urge your neighbor to go with you and vote for M. L. Heavrin for judge of the Court of Appeals.

Miss Irene Ward, the efficient deputy in the office of the County Tax Commissioner, spent from Saturday until Wednesday with relatives in Owensboro.

Misses Ida Brack, of Owensboro, and Miss Wiliye Lindley, of Point Pleasant, were guests of Misses Neulah and Elizabeth Moore from Friday to Monday.

Hear Dr. Brunaer at the Methodist church here Sunday. Dr. Brunaer is one of the greatest orators in Kentucky, and it will be a rare chance to hear a real speech.

Eight colored boys left for Camp Taylor Tuesday. Most of the colored people of Hayti, and many white people of Hartford, were at the depot to see them off.

Miss Olivia Harrison, of Narrows, will leave within a few days for Washington, where she will accept appointment to a position in one of the government departments.

At a meeting of the city council, held Monday night, Mr. Ad. Howard tendered his resignation as clerk of the council, and Mr. W. H. Coombs was elected to fill the vacancy.

An interesting revival, conducted by Dr. C. F. Wimberly at Dundee was brought to a close Monday night. Geo. P. Jones, of the Washington community, assisted in the singing.

Mrs. John Herrell died at her home, near Livermore, Friday and was buried in Oakwood cemetery here Saturday. Her death was due to tuberculosis. She leaves a husband and six children.

Mr. J. W. Marks, who has been employed in the engineering department of the Southern railroad, at Toccoa, Ga., has just been commissioned a Lieutenant in the engineering division of the army.

Mrs. Lyman B. Rosenfield and daughter, Miss Carolyn, of Louisville, who have been visiting Mrs. Rosenfield's sister, Mrs. M. L. Heavrin, went to Owensboro Monday to spend the week with relatives.

Mr. James H. Williams presented a service flag to the Christian church here Sunday morning. It bore two stars, for Royce Iglesias and Edwin Hamlet, boys of the congregation who are in the military service.

Raymer W. Tinsley, who has been in Government service, department of justice, located in San Antonio, Tex., since last December, has been transferred to Waco, and placed in charge of the office at that place.

Mrs. John W. Sanderfur, of Nocreek, entertained her Sunday School class, composed of intermediates, of Mt. Hermon M. E. church, south, at dinner Sunday at her home. Music recital of bible stories were features of the afternoon.

Mrs. Florence Allen, who resides about 3 1/2 miles east of here, lost her dwelling and most of the contents by fire Wednesday afternoon. The origin of the fire is not definitely known, though it was supposed to have been from kitchen flue.

Lieut. Estill Barnett, at Camp Platteburg, has been promoted to the rank of Captain. Hartford friends of the Barnett brothers feel justly proud that the boys are both honored with the rank of Captain. Allison J. Barnett was made a Captain about the time the Hartford company was mustered into the service.

Attorney Otto Martin returned Wednesday from Camp Hattiesburg, Miss., where he had gone to defend Ernest Hurt, a soldier from Olaton, who was charged with desertion. The military court had not rendered an opinion when Mr. Martin left the camp. Capt. Allison Barnett was a member of the court hearing the case.

Mrs. Z. H. Shults, who was recently operated on for removal of a tumor, in a hospital at Camp Green, N. C. is reported as getting along nicely toward recovery. Mrs. Shults

# POULTRY WANTED!

As the market is so fluctuating, we will not quote you prices on poultry and eggs this week, but guarantee the highest cash prices. Consult us before you sell, and you will be convinced that we are the highest cash buyers.

**DAVIDSON - SEAY - ADAMS CO.**  
W. E. ELLIS & BRO, Managers.  
License No. G-04781.

# New Poultry House

We have opened a Produce House in Hartford, Ky., next door to older's grocery, and we are going to pay the highest cash prices every day in the week.

As the market is so fluctuating, we will not quote prices on poultry and eggs this week, but guarantee the highest cash prices. Consult us before you sell, and you will be convinced that we are the highest cash buyers.

# Kentucky Creameries,

Owned and operated by Armour & Co., Incorporated. United States Food Administration License No. G-27794.

L. T. RILEY, Manager.

## A SOLDIER'S GRAVE.

Perhaps it will be news to most Ohio county people to learn that the body of one of Washington's soldiers repose in the county's dust. But in a quiet barnyard of the "O. P. Rains" farm, two miles south of Rosine, marked only by a rough, uncut stone, lies the remains of a soldier who heard the commanding voice, and obeyed the quiet orders, of the great Marshal of the Revolutionary War. The remains of a soldier who was one of the faithful few remained to keep the deceptive camp fires burning and hold Cornwallis' army while Washington stole away to achieve a great victory at Trenton, lies in an unmarked grave. Local pride should be aroused to raise a suitable grave marker over the distinguished dead. His name was William Johnson Cooper, and he settled in Ohio county after the war, coming here from Maryland, and died here near the close of the eighteenth century.

Capt. J. J. Tilford, passenger conductor on the Irvington branch of the Texas railroad, claims the distinction of being the oldest subscriber to the Hartford Republican. Capt. Tilford was a subscriber to the paper published at Big Clifty, in Grayson county, that McClure later brought to Hartford, and which later developed into The Republican. He has taken the paper continuously since.

## MOONLIGHT INSTRUCTOR

## POOR PRESS AGENT

Mrs. W. L. Mills, of Daviess county, who has been placed in charge of the campaign in Ohio county for the purpose of stamping out illiteracy, is disappointing as a press agent. Mrs. Mills sent out a press statement, over her signature, that by the 1910 census report Ohio county had 2,003 illiterates. We do not have the census report referred to before us, but if correctly quoted, the statement can serve no other purpose now but to discredit the county, since the 1910 school report, now in the hands of the county superintendent, shows there are now in Ohio county only 338 adult illiterates and 53 in school age, making a total of 391 illiterates for the county. If Mrs. Mills had any useful purpose to serve in quoting the alleged showing of the 1910 census, common justice to the county demanded a statement of the present number of illiterates also.

## MRS. ALLEN DEAD.

Mrs. Mattie Mosley Allen died at the Jewish Hospital, Louisville, Wednesday of tubercular troubles. The remains will be brought to this county and buried in the Mt. Carmel Cemetery, near Huford, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. Allen was reared in this county and was quite well known, having taught in the public schools of the county and for several years was a member of the faculty in the school at this place. There survives Mrs. Allen, her husband, Prof. E. Y. Allen and two small children.

CONFERENCE FOR THE HARTFORD CHURCH WILL BE HELD NEXT SATURDAY AND SUNDAY AT MT. HERMON. REV. J. T. LITCHFIELD WILL BE PRESENT AND PRACTICE AND ADMINISTER THE SACRAMENT OF THE LORD'S SUPPER. DINNER WILL BE SERVED IN THE OLD-FASHIONED WAY AND ALL ARE REQUESTED TO COME AND BRING A WELL FILLED BASKET.

A. D. LITCHFIELD, P. C.

## LICENSED TO WED.

W. J. Walton, 24, Cave City to Artie Belle Wilson, 16, Taylor Mines. W. L. Casehier, 25, Centertown to Bernice Hatcher, 19, Centertown. Tom Marrol, 25, McHenry to Bertha Culbertson, 19, McHenry. Clearn Heflin, 22, Rockport to Ollie Allen, 21, Centertown.

NO MAN IS RICH ENOUGH TO EAT WHAT HIS COUNTRY NEEDS.

**SOLDIER'S LETTER.**

Camp Beauregard, La.  
July 22nd, 1918.

The Hartford Republican:—  
I thought perhaps the people back home would like to hear something about army life, although I don't know very much about it myself yet, as I have only drilled four days since I have been in the service, have been in the office as company clerk and like my work fine. I had a real interesting experience this morning as my company received seventy-four new men last night, who were transferred from Camp Pike, Ark. So this morning after they had gone to the drill area I had to have a roster of them to be turned into the Personnel office and while taking the names I came up to one fellow and asked him his name and he said nothing, but came to find out he was a Frenchman and couldn't speak English, but there was another Frenchman standing near by who could speak the English language real well but was not well enough versed in the English language to spell the name, so not knowing French myself, had to guess at the spelling of his name.

Last week we all went to the rifle range, a distance of about two and one-half miles and believe me there were sure some shooting done, each man fired sixty shots at a distance of from one to six hundred yards from the target. I think the intentions are now that next week we will go to the artillery range, a distance of twelve miles from camp, will have to take the field desk along as the whole battalion is going and will be gone for a week, so the paper work will have to go on just the same as if we were in camp.

This sure is a warm place down here, but the climate surely is agreeing with me as I weigh about eight pounds more than when I entered the service. Don't know when we will go across the "pond" and don't think many are caring as all seem anxious to get a shot at the old Kaiser.

Would be mighty glad to see any one from Ohio county step into my tent here among the pines, so if any of you ever come to this camp, just hunt me up and I will show you the best time possible.

With best wishes to all back home and that the war will soon be over and we boys can come back to our Kentucky homes and the others to their homes, I must go.

ROY FRAIM,  
Co. B, 153rd Infantry.  
Camp Beauregard, La.

**Ask Anyone Who Has Used It.**

There are families who always aim to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house for use in case it is needed, and find that it not only a good investment but saves them no end of suffering. As to its reliability, ask anyone who has used it.

**NEED 18 BILLIONS****FOR TWO-YEARS WAR**

Cleveland, O., July 27.—An \$18,000,000,000 army bill for 1919-20 to meet the vast increase in the military establishment proposed by the War Department was forecasted by Representative Kahn, of California, ranking minority member of the House Military Committee, in an address here to-day before the League of Republican Clubs.

"This means additional liberty bonds," Representative Kahn said: "It means additional taxation; it means if it means anything, that the American people must be prepared to give their all, if need be. Perhaps the time will come when every individual in the United States will have to content himself with the bare necessities of life, and surrender everything he possesses or earns beyond those bare necessities to aid his Government."

"We have not begun to make sacrifices in these United States; we do not yet know the pinch of hunger—hope and pray we may never know it—but we will be the better prepared for possible eventualities if we begin now the practice of self-denial."

Apply a cotton cloth wet with Baldwin's Snow Liniment to all wounds, cuts, burns, sores or blisters, and note its wonderful healing power. It is prompt and very effective. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

**DISABLED PLANE "HOPS"****TO BRITISH LINES**

London, July 20.—A trench newspaper published by one of the British divisions in Palestine, gives the following account of an unusual feat by a British airplane in the fighting zone:

"One of our aviators was forced by engine trouble to land ten miles inside the Turkish lines. His engine was misfiring, but produced sufficient power for 'taxi-ing' and short hops,

but not for flights. Presumably the valves of two or three cylinders had broken or stuck.

"But the pilot did not give up hope, and succeeded in 'taxi-ing' the whole way to the British lines over the level sand. On the way he crossed a Turkish encampment, and his undercarriage brought away a clothes line and a number of Turkish shirts. The pilot was attacked by several detachments armed with rifles and machine guns, but they invariably fled when he charged on them with his machine gun. Two or three German airplanes dived and fired bursts at him but luckily hit no vital part."

**Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA.****BRITISH AIRMEN RAID  
AUSTRIAN SUBMARINES**

Rome, July 27.—British aviators have again raided the Austrian naval base at Cattaro, the Italian admiralty announces. Serious damage was caused to Austrian aerodromes and submarines in the harbor. Naval planes carried out an effective raid on the Austrian aerodrome at Zagato, causing a great conflagration. All raiders returned unharmed. An Austrian air raid on Corsini and Imlau failed, the raiding machine being driven off before they could do any damage.

Constipation is the starting point for many serious diseases. To be healthy, keep the bowels active and regular. Herbs will remove all accumulations in the bowels and put the system in prime condition. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

**1,000 SLACKERS**

Cleveland, July 9.—About 300 American Protective League operatives searched down-town Cleveland tonight for slackers, as a result of which more than 1,000 youths between 21 and 31 who could not show their classification cards were haled before the examining board. All poolrooms, saloons and grills in the district were temporarily put out of business by the raids. Scores of girls were bereft of their escorts.

The board was in session all night trying suspects. Many were released until to-morrow upon promises to report with their registration cards, and many others spent the night in jail.

**Rockport Amazed  
By Sudden Action**

The quick action of pure Lavoptik eye wash is startling. A school boy had eye strain so badly he could not read. A week's use of Lavoptik surprised his teacher so much she used it for her old mother. ONE WASH showed benefit. A small bottle is guaranteed to benefit EVERY CASE weak, strained or inflamed eyes. The QUICK result is astonishing. Alumnum eye cup FREE. Harrel Bros. druggists at Rockport.

**MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.**  
Ohio Circuit Court.  
Dona Kiper, who sues, &c., Plaintiffs.  
Vs.—Notice.  
Ellie Evans Wilson, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court rendered at its July term, 1918, in the above cause, for the purpose of sale and distribution among the parties entitled thereto, I will offer for sale at public outcry, at the court house door in Hartford, Kentucky, on Monday the 5th day of August, 1918, about the hour of one o'clock P. M., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described property, to-wit:

A tract of land in Ohio County, Kentucky, bounded as follows:

Beginning at the Cromwell and Brownsville road; thence E. with the Brownsville road to a gap in J. M. White's line; thence with his line to a white oak, corner with Eileen Miller's; thence with said Miller's line to the Warren Mill and Balaize town road; thence S. with said road to the beginning, containing 25 acres, more or less.

The above land was transferred to J. M. White by deed from L. C. Royal and wife, M. J. Royal, on the 16th day of February 1899, and recorded in the Ohio County Clerk's office in deed book 21, page 584.

Also one house and lot, beginning on a stone on the Brownsville road, James and Motherhead's corner; thence with said road N. 87 E. 20 poles to a stone; thence N. 3 E. 12 1/2 poles to the beginning, containing 1 9-16 acres. This tract of land was deeded to O. S. White by F. M. Haven and recorded in the Ohio County Clerk's office on September 10th, 1896, in deed book 17, page 75, and the above lot was transferred to J. M. White by deed from O. S. White and wife, J. J. White, on the 4th day of May, 1907, recorded in same office in deed book 29, page 578. And all of which property was conveyed to Ed Evans by J. N. White and wife, Dora White, by deed dated January 27, 1910, and recorded in the Ohio County Clerk's office in deed book 39, page 578.

Purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved security immediately after sale.

Given under my hand this the 16th day of July, 1918.

OTTO C. MARTIN,  
Master Commissioner.

M. L. Heavrin, Attorney.

Mr. Williams, - Hartford, K.

Mr. Williams, - Hartford, K.</p

## HAS ALL SEASONS

Umbrella "Lent" Seems to Be Kept at Any Time.

Some Other Points, Good and Bad, Concerning One's Protector From the Sudden Shower or the Less Annoying Steady Rain.

Umbrella is a common noun, singular number, neuter gender, silk or cotton case—as the case may be. It is wise to have yours in the "possessive" case also, if it is a good umbrella.

The word umbrella is derived from the Latin "umbra," meaning a shade or shadow. This does not mean that it is exclusively a shade from the weather, but rather that you have not shadow of a chance to get it back should you leave the umbrella behind you anywhere.

Never leave an umbrella behind you, however. Always keep it in front or beside you, where you can see it.

Umbrellas were known to the early Saxons and to many of the late ones coming home from the lodges on wet nights. They joyfully seized any "gamps" they found lying around loose in the hall stand.

Queen Anne's reign umbrellas were assigned exclusively to the use of women, but in all subsequent reigns men have been using them, too.

New umbrellas are particularly popular with humanity—especially on wet days. The most conscientious and scrupulous of men have been known to mislay nice, new umbrellas for their own faded and decrepit ones. Sometimes, in their temporary "fits of abstraction," they don't even leave a substitute.

Some umbrellas are waterproof and others not quite so. The rain runs off the better kind and through the cheaper sort.

Nothing can be more depressing than to join a parade of umbrella holders in a heavy shower, hoping to be immune from the rain, and get deluged with umbrella juice instead.

Old and worn umbrellas may sometimes be easily recovered, but if you mislay a good silk umbrella it is very difficult to recover it. Some philosopher has observed that the umbrella has religious tendencies, because it "keeps Lent" so easily.

There are many ways of carrying the umbrella, but the most popular way—because the most sensible—is to carry it under the arm horizontally. When you do this in a crowd some are almost sure to notice it and tell you about it.

They speak feelingly, too, if they happen to get the end of your umbrella in the stomach or back, forgetting how much more serious it might be if they got it in the eye.

Umbrellas that open automatically and without warning should be prohibited. Sometimes they develop most surprising vitality at unexpected times and in inconvenient places. This is caused by a hidden spring in the handle.

They are useful novelties for the first week or so, but the novelty soon wears off and so does the spring. Then the umbrella becomes ill-mannered and aggressive, springing open impulsively, to the consternation and humiliation of the owner.

### American Soldiers in Brittany.

I have been told that in certain western districts American troops are billeted among the inhabitants, and I know that in their honor, municipalities have ordered the vast heaps of manure that in most Brittany villages line one side of the road removed to the fields—no small task, when it is remembered that only women, children and old men are left to take care of the farms.

Plans are being developed to improve these farm houses, many of which were built 200 or 300 years ago. The influx of Americans will thus serve to ameliorate the sanitary conditions in these districts, the people of which are rather conservative, but beloved by all France because they give us our best soldiers.

Bretons and Vendeanne are famous for their stubborn courage. To the former was in great measure due the credit for the first victory on the Yser, won at terrible sacrifices—Mme. Leonie Bernardin-Sjoestedt in Cartoons.

### A Suitable Name.

Two farmer's wives were discussing the worries of trying to make room in the house for the hired hand, and one of them said: "Don't mind cooking the meals. If there was only some place for him to stay nights and rainy days. I've planned a building with a sitting room and bedroom, but I wouldn't know what to call it, for you couldn't call it the barns."

Then the other woman said: "Well, if I could put up the building I wouldn't worry over a name, I'd call it 'The Hand-out.'"

### Really an Old Scheme.

When Musly, henvy maid, was young in these United States she was onto the Hoover scheme, all right, as witness the title of these old-time darning tunes: "Shortenin' Bread," "Kaise Big Taters in the Sandy Land," "Negro in the Woodpile," "Shunmon Tree," "Ham and Gravy," and "Cotton-Eye Joe!"—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

### In Book Form.

"I'm surprised to see a poet's love letters sell as well as they do."

"Well, you must remember that some people have never had any of their own!"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## REMINDS SOLDIERS OF HOME

Small Goddess of Liberty in Paris Attacks Americans to Bridge Where She Stands.

There is a little old bridge in Paris, in an out-of-the-way part of the city, that is being trod by many Yankee feet these days.

The Eiffel tower is about three-fourths of a mile away, and the distance between the tower and the little bridge is about as unattractive as you could find in Paris. Nor does the bridge—entitled the pont de Grenelle—lead you across the Seine to my sightseeing place.

But that bridge supports in its center a statue of the Goddess of Liberty, the same glorious lady who holds aloft her flame of righteousness in New York harbor. A great many Americans have learned on this bridge that the Goddess of Liberty was a gift from France to America. The description on the pedestal records this fact, and there follows in French an excerpt from the letter of acceptance of Vice President Morton.

The figure is only about 15 feet tall, but the disparity in size as compared with the original permitted one imaginative Yank to close his eyes half shut today and declare that the effect was of standing into New York harbor with the gigantic goddess looming up in the distance. And while he was looking up, enjoying this odd effect, several large gulps could be distinguished as they passed down his throat.

### MELTING POT FAILS TO MELT

Trouble Is. According to Writer, That the Stolting of the Fires Is Neglected.

This melting pot of ours has been asked to melt up more different kinds of stuff than the department of mineralogy ever heard of. It's got more things in it than a New England boiled dinner, or a rummage sale, Porter Emerson Browne writes in McClure's. And to have gotten all these ingredients properly melted would have meant that every second man was a stoker and every first a coal miner.

But instead of that, every second man has been a motorcar manufacturer and every first an open market. And the result has been that so far from melting these different ingredients, we haven't done anything with them at all. They have just been dumped in and into there, here a pile of Armenians, there a bunch of Germans, over yonder a pile of Jews, and beyond that a chunk of Chinese. And New York, which has been our biggest receiving station, has come to take on the appearance of one of those dishes of hors d'oeuvres that you strike in one compartment, olives in another, sausages in a third, anchovies in a fourth, and so on, all separate, distinctive and individual.

And as the United States comprises 48 states, so does each of our states comprise 48 or more cities, and each of our cities 48 different colonies of mixed and often unmixable nationalities.

### Dog Hair Wool Substitute.

The keeping of dogs may be regarded as a patriotic duty instead of a wasteful luxury, if the dog be of the long-haired species.

It has been demonstrated that an exceptionally high-class wool can be spun from the hair of all breeds of long-haired dogs. Samples from Chow, Pekinese, poodles, Bergers d'Alsace and sheep dogs have been submitted to wool experts, who are emphatic in their commendation.

To popularize the discovery and turn it to good account the British Dogs' Wool association has been formed with the countess of Gosford as president and Lady Algernon Gordon-Lennox as chairman. The dogs' wool, so far as the association can control it, will be turned over to the British Red Cross.

Menomville's port-hired dogs are discredited.

They are in peril of destruction unless it can be proven that they, too, may be utilized to help win the war, otherwise than as unmounted salsage meat.

### Yours Is Coming, William!

Bad as things are, it is impossible not to smile at William Hohenzollern. Of the Russian peace he said:

"The complete victory this will be with gratitude. It permits us to live again one of those great moments in which we can reverently admire God's hand in history."

Did a more sanctimonious scoundrel ever cut a throat?

Ah, William! You rest on the knees of the gods, and far from safety. Any moment, over you may go, face down, and our turn will come to admire God's hand in history, applied with emphasis where it will do most good—Life.

### Hard for the Stork.

One Sunday afternoon when Jones, who had been visiting the zoo, came home, he announced to the family:

"They've got a new baby hippopotamus."

Whereupon his daughter, about fifteen, burst into a fit of uncontrollable laughter. When she had subsided somewhat the father growled:

"What are you laughing at?"

"I was just thinking," giggled the girl, "that that rather kills the stork story."—Harper's Magazine.

### Trouble Enough.

Bibb—He deserves a flogging for not paying me that old debt.

Bibb—Oh, he's always strapped—poor fellow!—Town Topics.

## RISKED HIS LIFE FOR ENEMY

Glorious Deed of English Officer Surely Constituted the Highest Type of Bravery.

Valor and glory shine brightest when we behold them in sacrifices such as that of Gen. John Gough, V. C., who went from his place of safety far down the line to take comforts to his old regiment, and was killed while on his mission of mercy.

If where a high officer sacrifices himself for his men is glorious, what shall we say of the deed of a British officer who offered himself to save his foe? During an attempted daylight raid on the part of the Germans, they were held up by a withering machine gun fire and retired with great loss to their own trenches. One poor Hun, who was terribly wounded, was impaled upon his own wire, and he hung there writhing in agony in the eyes of both armies.扁ly the sight of his suffering and his cries for help were too much for an English officer in the trenches opposite. Vaulting over the parapet, he walked boldly across No Man's Land in the direct face of the foe, and lifting his wounded enemy from the impaling wire, he carried him across the Hun parapet and down into his own trenches. When he arrived there a German officer took an iron cross which he wore off his own breast and placed it on the breast of the brave British officer. The firing on both sides ceased while he returned to his own trenches. And looking on, both friend and foe alike knew that they had beheld the highest form of glory.

—Capt. Arthur Hunt Clute in Leslie's.

### SMALL SPOONS AS REMINDER

Hotel Man's Idea Brought Good Results in the Decreased Consumption of Sugar.

At breakfast in a small hotel a traveling man noticed that the guests in the dining room were averting their eyes from the spoonfuls of sugar to the cup of coffee, though the sugar was low in the bowl.

In the dining room of the railroad station where he got his lunch, the sugar bowl was empty. Nobody was grumbling about the scarcity of sugar or anything else, because the country was at war. But a man wearing spectacles did lift a big spoon out of the bowl where the sugar would have been.

"Wonder why it is customary for us Americans to shovel sugar instead of dipping it?" he asked a friend.

That night, at a hotel in the city, the drummer had dipped about four times with the after-dinner coffee spoon he found in the sugar before he got half as much sugar as he usually took. He looked at the negro waiter opposite and smiled.

"Yes, suh, mister," that black dietary grained, "that's what we calls the little 'war spoon.' The boss, he says it helps people to remember; and they don't use much more'n half as much sugar since he put it in the sugar dish."—Eugene Blake in The Vigilantes.

### Curious Food Supplies.

Heeding the Puget sound call for food from the deep, a whole regiment of patriotic seals offered themselves for slaughter in the Sea Island, Bering sea, and a large supply of their meat was brought down in January by the United States steamer Roosevelt, for scientific test of its food value, Phil Norton writes in Leslie's. Officers of the bureau of fisheries and new dish connoisseurs at Seattle sampled the sea roast at sundry feasts. It gave them a grand and glorious feeling, they said. It makes the stomach feel slick and efficient. It is better than the meat of the burly whale. It is dark red in color, rich and juicy, stripped of blubber, as good as fine beef, in fact. The north Pacific is full of them. Only three-year-old males are slaughtered. Little pieces of meat are cooked with the seal roast, to give it flavor.

The walrus, adorned with valuable ivory tusks, also is being mobilized. One of these fat and bulky creatures would feed a whole troupe of Samoans. "Not so," say Puget sounders; "we'll take the walrus and send our beef across."

### Waited Long for Order.

The German soldier does exactly what he is told, and no more.

A German officer was drilling recruits, and had just given them the order: "Quick march!" when he noticed his sweethearts coming across the barracks square.

Forgetting all about the recruits, he entered into conversation with the girl and went away with her.

Six months later the same officer was walking down the main street of the same town when he saw some tattered and tired soldiers approaching him. One of the soldiers, recognizing the officer, went up to him and, saluting, said:

"Please, sir, what about a half?"

### Effect of War on Birth Rate.

In his recent presidential address to the Royal Statistical Society Sir Bernard Mallet declared the United Kingdom has lost by the fall in births during the war more than 500,000 potential lives. During the same period he estimates that Germany has lost 2,600,000 and Hungary 1,500,000. The greater decline in the birth rate in the central empires is ascribed to the fact that the poorer classes in those countries have suffered greatly in health and vigor on account of the war, while the corresponding classes in Great Britain have actually enjoyed more favorable conditions than in time of peace.—Scientific American.

## FLIES SIMPLY HATE BLUE; FLOWERS TOO

Flies dislike blue, and will avoid a room decorated in that color, according to S. Dana Hubbard, the newly appointed director of the Bureau of Public Health Education, who to-day inaugurated "swat-the-fly" day in New York by publishing some new rules for getting rid of the pests. It has been learned from tests that flies will not go through slats of a blue shutter, Mr. Hubbard declared. Other advice to fly swatters follows:

Flies hate oil of lavender. It is mixed with an equal quantity of water and sprayed from an atomizer about a dining room, the room will be free from flies.

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## 1918 REGISTRANTS GET CLASSIFICATION

(Continued from Page One.)

1-a; Ollie Petty, Ojnton, R. 1, 4-a; Percy T. Burch (col), Reynolds, 1-a; Randal Rhea Brown, Beaver Dam, 5-d; Alonzo Burden, Hartford, 3-b; William Jesse Hudson, Livermore, R. 2, 1-a; Roy Butler, Balzettown, 1-a; Archibald Thomas Burgess, Beaver Dam, R. 1, 1-a; Orba Isaac Fulton, Wysox, 1-a; Freeman S. Parks, Beaver Dam, R. 3, 1-a; Leslie W. Murphy, Centertown, 1-a; Oberth Chapman, McHenry, 4-a; Bryant Southard, Beaver Dam, R. 2, 1-a; Jesse F. Park, Horse Branch, 1-a; Netter Gilstrap, Seelby, 1-a; Euclid R. Shull, Paradise, 1-a; Thomas Matthia Key, Echols, 4-a; John Rowe, Equality, 4-a; Samuel Arnold Poole, Fordsville, R. 1, 1-a; William Maddox, McHenry, 1-a; Paul Espy, McHenry, 1-a; Albert Philips Igelhart, Centertown, 1-a; Reginald B. Bell, Hartford, R. 7, 1-a; Sidney B. Taylor, Hartford, R. 2, 1-a; Cornelius Simpson, Renfrow, 1-a; Lester Bishop, Centertown, 1-a; John S. Jackson, Rockport, 1-a; James Leslie Howard, Hartford, R. 7, 1-a; Oscar Porter, Echols, 1-a; John Jesse Monroe, Rossine, 1-a; Franklin Price Alford, White Run, 1-a; Roy Hess, McHenry, 1-a; Floyd Ashby, Centertown, 1-a; Thomas Taylor, Beaver Dam, 3-b; Robert B. Holland, Beaver Dam, R. 2, 1-a; Bryan Chinn, Prentiss, 1-a; Edgar Ford, Horse Branch, 1-a; Wm. J. Fuqua, Beaver Dam, 4-a; William H. Lake, Centertown, 1-a; Everett Whittaker, Hartford, R. 6, 1-a; Wm. E. Daugherty, White Run, 3-a; Robert Webster, Hartford, R. 2, 1-a; Samuel Guy Plummer, Prentiss, 1-a; Willie B. Heflin, Centertown, 1-a; Wayne Taylor, Hartford, 1-a; Albert Howard, Hartford, R. 1, 1-a; Archibald Johnson, Narrows, 4-a; Minkie Ralph, Narrows, R. 2, 4-a; Charles E. Williams, Beaver Dam, R. 3, 1-a; Lenore Tichenor, Hartford, 1-a; Clido Morris, Renfrow, 1-a; Freddie McKinley Brown, Fordsville, 1-a; Everette Green, Wysox, 1-a; Lemon Hancock, Centertown, 1-a; Earl H. Harrison, Narrows, 1-a; Noah Zackary, Rockport, 4-a; Wavy Cleco Balze, Renfrow, 1-a; Emmett Stephens, Fordsville, 1-a; Clyde Boyd, Centertown, 1-a; Willis Carson Lyons, Hartford, 1-a; Fred J. Ferguson, White Run, 1-a; Chas. Pendleton Bell, Livila, R. 2, 1-a; Estill Clay Drake, Cromwell, 1-a; W. B. Brown, Centertown, R. 1, 4-a; Ray Hocker, McHenry, 1-a; Robert Wallace, Rosine, 1-a; James Landon Calloway, Horse Branch, 1-a; Harvey B. Taylor, Beaver Dam, 1-a; Willie Strother Hoops, Beaver Dam, 1-a; Alfred C. Baughn, Fordsville, R. 1, 1-a; John Dee Griffin, (col), Prentiss, 1-a; Floyd Smith, Barrett's Ferry, 1-a; Lee Johnson, Hartford, R. 5, 5-a, c, d; Estill Plummer, Beaver Dam, R. 1, 1-a; Roy Elder, Centertown, 1-a; Jesse Walter Greep, Horse Branch, 1-a, 5, 6, 7; Musker V. Wilson, Horse Branch, 4-a; Surgeon Park, McHenry, 1-a; Sidney Keith, Horse Branch, 1-a; Barnie Wilson, Horse Branch, 4-a; Lincoln Sweat, (col), Prentiss, 1-a; Ernest Palmer Cole, Olaton, 1-a; Lawson W. Shaeft, Fordsville, R. 2, 1-a; Adam Young, Olaton, 1-a; Norval York, Rosine, 1-a; Thos. Laird McCracklin, Beaver Dam, 1-a; Fred Hubert Burden, Echols, 1-a; Earl Ethkirk Resinger, McHenry, 1-a; Jessie Sutton Austin, (col), Echols, 1-a; Otis D. Moseley, Livila, R. 2, 1-a; Roy W. Cummings, Olaton, 1-a; Alva Cotton, Narrows, R. 1, 1-a; Vernie H. Goff, Horse Branch, 1-a; Clifford Bryan Moore, Hartford, 4-b; Geo. Wm. Rohy, Reynolds, R. 2, 1-a.

### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

All persons holding claims against the estate of P. T. Richardson should file same with the undersigned properly proven according to law, on or before Saturday, August 17, 1918, also all persons indebted to said estate should call and settle same at once.

This the 17th day of July, 1918.  
W. L. RICHARDSON,  
Adm'r, P. T. Richardson, deceased,  
413 Central City, Ky.

### NEW COMMON SCHOOL LAW

The teachers and patrons of Ohio county will be interested in the new law on compulsory school attendance. It promises to solve the attendance problem and indirectly to stamp out illiteracy in the county. It provides that the teacher at the end of each week shall report the name and age of each and every child between the ages of seven and fourteen years inclusive, who fails to attend his or her school for a period of three days during the week, to the sub-district trustee or chairman of the board of trustees to immediately investigate said case or cases and if it is neglect or refusal on the part, guardian or other person having the custody of said child, the trustee or chairman

shall immediately report said case to the nearest court having jurisdiction of same and it shall be the duty of said court to immediately issue his warrant against the parent, guardian or other person failing and refusing to send said child to school and said court shall proceed to try said case as other criminal cases are tried. Any person or persons failing or refusing to comply with all or any part of this section shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than twenty dollars.

Ohio County Court  
Mont Johnson, et al.  
Vs.—Order.  
Motion to change boundary of precinct.  
Come Mont Johnson, Arvin Tichenor and M. F. Tichenor and move the court that they be transferred from the Beda voting precinct to West Hartford voting precinct, which motion being submitted to the court and the court being advised sustained said motion. It is now ordered by the court that the boundary of Beda voting precinct No. 3 be changed so as to exclude the farms of Mont Johnson, Arvin Tichenor and M. F. Tichenor, which farms are now embraced in said Beda voting precinct, and the voting precinct of West Hartford is ordered changed so as to include the farms of Mont Johnson, Arvin Tichenor and M. F. Tichenor.

### BEADS ODDLY STRUNG.

(By I. D. Cialre.)  
Relief at last. Liquor is off a dollar and half on the gallon.

The unfortunate feller who has to work at night can tell when Jess puts in a fresh shov'd of coal down to the light plant.

The war is done over for a lot of the Crown Prince's pesky Hunns.

It looks like it was a goin' to happen at last. Arthur Kirk has been askin' some women to save him some garden seeds.

What is the use to go work in the vineyard when you can't get no sugar to make your wine.

Tinsley has ordered a thousand crab apple trees. He says it don't take no sugar to make crab elder git sharp.

If Judge Cook's marrying business keeps on increasin' he'll soon be payin' the income tax.

Some men love darkness rather than light because their deeds are evil, and others because they want to sleep.

Old Vesuvius is keeping quiet while all the rest of Europe is in eruption.

Of all the necessities of life liquor is the only one that is gittin' cheaper.

I complained at payin' more for my butter, till the good woman explained that since the rains the grass in her pasture had got higher. I want to be reasonable.

### BEAVER DAM.

Rev. Moore filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

Little George Cox happened to quite a painful accident by falling off a horse and breaking his arm, Monday.

Mrs. Lee Stevens and son, Master Oscar Wright Stevens, have gone to Detroit, Mich., to join Mr. Stevens, who has been employed there.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernice Hocker and children, of Owsashoro, Ky., visited relatives here the first of the week.

Mrs. Oscar Stevens and Mrs. Daley Wright are in Louisville visiting Mrs. A. V. Thompson.

Mrs. A. D. Taylor, of Louisville, Ky., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Emerson Rogers.

Maj. J. L. Lallinger, of Camp Taylor, visited his wife Saturday for the past few weeks, returned home Wednesday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Otis Rock the 28 a fine boy. Otis is all smiles.

### STRAY STREAKS

(By Fluke McFluke.)

John Henry says the grass and weeds in his garden 'peered to be well nigh petered out during the long dry spell, but since the copious rains its darn near as green as Bat Nall and 'twixt ankle and knee high to most any man, excepting Alec Porter.

Since it has been learned that this anti-shipping and carry booze law has reduced the price of the stuff some 75 cents a quart there are a lot of old ex-red nose gents in this burg who suddenly find they have business of urgent importance in soggy towns.

I saw n letter stickin' out of the inside breast pocket of Editor Thomas's coat the other evening and John being out on a news gathering excursion I could not ask permission to look at the episile, so without felonious intent, just lifted it out and took a squint at same. It was from Chief of Police Petty, of Louisville, and the chief expressed profound pity for John's surrounding circumstances. Yes he says, "I feel sorry for you Thomas, because I know you to be a man of 12 and 1 o'clock habits marooned in a 9 o'clock town." Petty, beyond doubt, knows John Henry better than by heart.

We are beatin' both Hoover and Garfield to a fuzzy frazzle at our house. We are living on corn from our wife's garden and use the accumulation of cobs from one day to cook more corn the next.

If your telephone don't work this morning blame Burleson, Birkhead or some other of the postal authorities, or if you live out on route 1, blame Ed Davidson out, guess he may as well be blamed as anyone else.

They say it takes a lazy man to fish, but Roll Riley has passed the point where even a weasley effort is made at angling.

### BOILED DOWN.

Congressman McLeomire, author of the famous peace resolution, ran third in his race for re-nomination.

The Ways and Means Committee has practically agreed upon a ten per cent tax on automobiles.

All soldiers now in the United States will be given an opportunity to vote at the November election.

The United States' loans to other nations now exceeds six billion dollars.

Great Britain's war bill is now more than \$34,000,000 a day.

The war is now costing the United States \$2,000,000 an hour.

Government control of all telegraph and telephone lines began yesterday.

### COOLSPRINGS.

Rev. Moore filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

Little George Cox happened to quite a painful accident by falling off a horse and breaking his arm, Monday.

Miss Mary Kitchens is on the sick list this week.

Miss Hazelrigg, of Beaver Dam, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Willie Lee, who has been employed there.

Mr. and Mrs. Morie Tate and son and Mrs. O. E. Scott went to Evansville Tuesday.

Mrs. Rosa Woodburn has been visiting Mrs. G. W. Gordon, of Prentiss, for the last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lon Brown and son and daughter, of Evansville, are the guests of Mr. Oliver Brown this week.

Miss Lillian Raymer, of Hartford, who has been visiting her brother for the past few weeks, returned home Wednesday.

Mr. Bradley Leach, U. S. N., is home on a furlough.

Sergeant Harvey D. Plummer, of Camp Taylor, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Plummer, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Plummer, of Centertown, were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Leo Brown, the first of the week.

Frankfort, Ky., July 26, 1918.

Dear Sir:—Your attention is called to Chapter 22 of the Acts of 1918.

The Act regulates the regulation of weight of load that may be carried over public streets, highways, bridges or culverts, and regulates the speed of automobile trucks and automobiles and provides penalties for violation.

The speed of automobile trucks carrying a weight in excess of four tons, including the weight of the vehicle, is fixed at a maximum of fifteen miles per hour and such trucks carrying a weight in excess of six tons, including the weight of the vehicle shall not be operated at

greater speed than eight miles per hour when the vehicles are equipped with iron or steel tires or at a greater speed than twelve miles per hour when equipped with rubber tires.

The speed of automobiles is fixed at a maximum of twenty-five miles per hour.

Please be advised any person who violates the Act shall be fined not less than \$15.00 nor more than \$100 and it is the duty of the Courts and all Peace Officers to see that the provisions of the Act are put in force and effect and all fines, if the offense is committed in the county, go to the credit of the road fund in the county.

The failure of any Peace Officer when properly informed to do his duty constitutes a misdemeanor and he shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$100. All of which fines go to the credit of the road fund in the county.

You will please be advised that trucks and pleasure automobiles operating at a higher rate of speed are damaging the roads beyond estimation and the law should be enforced.

Ver ytruly,

R. WILEY,  
Com'r. of Public Roads.

### WITH THE DRILLERS.

Oil development in Ohio county moves slowly. The Wallace well, near Dundee, is being driven slowly, and has reached a depth of about 600 feet. Formations so far encountered are very much like those met with in the Hartford field, and no direct indications of results is in sight.

The Patterson well, at Olaton, where a small flow of oil was struck recently, is hanging fire. In an effort to enlarge the diameter of the well to ease off the water, stone was driven into the hole, and in penetrating the large area the drill in some way got fouled and has not yet been extricated.

### DOUBLE FLIM FLAM

Clever Trick by Which Jeweler Recovered Money.

Had Been Victimized in Really Neat Manner, But All the Honors of War Were His When the Game Ended.

This is a story picked up in New York that has all the elements—save the love of touch—of a modern mystery story. M. Parrish Watson is a wealthy collector of Chinese art. He sends emissaries all over China digging up treasures. One of his agents has just returned.

In Peking he was in the shop of a pawnbroker. A silk-hatted American, a polished man of the world, came in to secure a loan on a pearl which he took out of a velvet bag. The broker applied the tests and was satisfied the pearl was genuine. He advanced \$10,000. Later in the day one of his experts rushed to him breathlessly with the startling statement that the pearl was the most clever counterfeit he had ever seen. The broker made another examination and found he had been the victim of a dim dun artist.

Several days afterward he called every jeweler in Peking into a conference. He told them of his experience and he said he was simply going to take his loss, but he thought it was his duty to warn his fellow merchants. He held up the pearl before them.

"Here it is," he said. "To show you what I think of it and that the incident is closed, I am going to destroy it." He placed the pearl on an iron and with a hammer smashed it to tiny fragments with one blow.

The next day all the Peking newspapers carried a story about the why the merchant had been tricked and how he had destroyed the bogus gem. Several weeks went by and the incident was almost forgotten.

One morning the American who had pawned the pearl entered the shop. A clerk recognized him and went toward him. "I have come for my pearl," he said.

The clerk was in a panic. He begged the customer to wait a few minutes and he rushed off to his employer with the news. The broker came out of his private office and met the customer.

"I have come for my pearl," repeated the American.

"You have the money to redeem it?" he was asked.

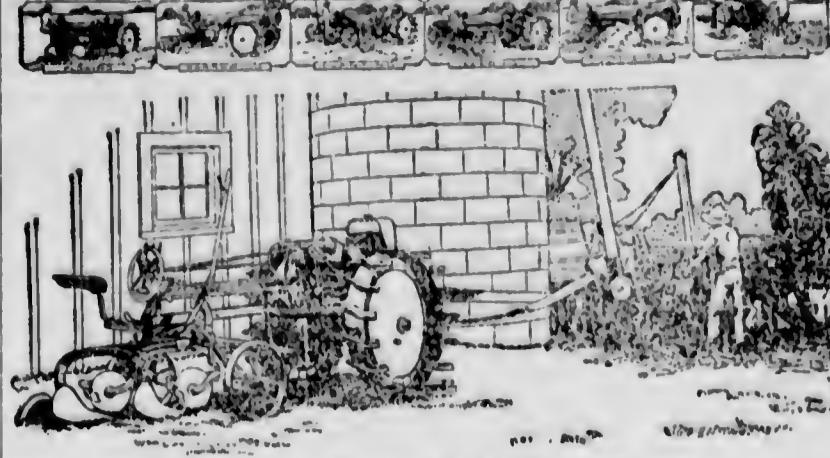
For answer the American counted out the exact amount and placed it on the counter. The broker went to the safe and brought back the pearl that was pawned. He had cleverly tricked the trickster. He knew there was only one chance of getting his money back and that was to make the customer believe the pearl had been destroyed.

He resorted to this ruse and did not destroy the pawned pearl but a substitute. A surprised American walked out of the place with his counterfeit jewel—gnashing his teeth just like the smooth villain in the melodrama of old.

### NOTICE FOR PAROLE

Notice is hereby given that I will, apply August 6, 1918, to the state board of prison commissioners, for parole from service in the Kentucky state prison. EP RISSINGER.

ONE MAN OPERATES BOTH TRACTOR AND IMPLEMENT



Electrically Governed 18 Horse Power with the New

## MOLINE UNIVERSAL TRACTOR

It Solves The Farm Help Problem

The perfected 4-cylinder overhead-valve engine of the new Moline-Universal Tractor, Model D, develops 18-horsepower on the belt, pulling a 24-inch grain separator or 16-inch ensilage enter, with a belt speed of between 2400 and 3000 feet a minute.

Variations in load do not affect the engine speed of the Moline-Universal in the slightest, due to an electrical governor that instantly regulates the throttle to compensate for the slightest change in pull. Electricity, the most sensitive, quickest acting force known to man, holds the engine of the Moline-Universal under control, and makes it run steadily under all conditions.

The pulley on the Moline-Universal Tractor is located directly in front of the engine, making it easy to change from one operation to another. Running a silo filler, corn shredder, feed grinder, wood saw, clover huller, hay press, water pump or electric lighting plant are only a few of the many uses to which the Moline-Universal can be put.

The real superiority of the Moline-Universal Tractor, however, lies in field work. Here it equals one man to perform every field operation, including planting, harvesting and cultivating. Its universal adaptability practically does away with horses and also solves the farm help problem.

It is easily the most useful and greatest labor saving device